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Mail Id: customercare@blallab.com CIN: U33125RJ1994PTC009129





## **TEST REPORT**

Lab Serial No. : 342106001297

Patient Name: Mrs. RASHMI SAXENA

Referred by : DR.AKRITI SAXENA :56 Y 6 M 14 D / F Age/Gender

Source BY

: **34043145** 16-Jun-21 09:48 AM SIN No., Date

Sample collection date : 16-Jun-2021 09:49AM Report Date : 16-Jun-2021 01:32PM

: 16-Jun-2021 01:55PM Report printed on

# **CLINICAL-BIOCHEMISTRY**

Test Name	Observation	Unit	Biological Ref. interval
CRP (QUANTITATIVE)			
C-Reactive Protein, Serum by Turbidimetry	6.46	mg/L	0 - 5

# Remarks:-

C-Reactive protein(CRP) which is synthesized in the liver, is one of the most sensitive acute phase reactants after tissue damage or inflammation. CRP activates the classical complement pathway as a response to the inflammatory reaction.

CRP levels in plasma can rise dramatically after myocardial infarction, stress,trauma infection, inflammation, surgery or neolastic proliferation. The increase occurs within 24 to 48 hours & the level may be 2000 times normal. An elevation can be expected in virtually all diseases involving tissue damages so the findings are nonspecific.

Clinical diagnosis should not be made on the findings of a single test result.

350 mm 4 Dr. B. Lal Gupta MD Microbiology

Medical Director

Dr. Kirti Pandia DNB Pathology

Dr. Shaily Garg DPB Pathology

Urvashi Agarwal Biochemist





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### **TEST REPORT**

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Patient Name: Mrs. RASHMI SAXENA

Sample collection date : 16-Jun-2021 09:49AM

Referred by

: DR.AKRITI SAXENA

:16-Jun-2021 12:10PM

Age/Gender

:56 Y 6 M 14 D / F Report printed on : 16-Jun-2021 01:55PM

Source BY

**CLINICAL-BIOCHEMISTRY** 

**Test Name** Observation Unit Biological Ref. interval

# **GLYCATED HAEMOGLOBIN (HbA1c)**

Hemoglobin A1c (%), EDTA Blood by HPLC

6.6

%

#### Remarks:-

Glucose combines with Hb continuously and nearly irreversibly during the lifespan of RBC i.e.120days.

Therefore, glycosylated Hb (GHb) will be proportional to mean plasma glucose level during previous 6-12 weeks. Factors such as duration of diabetes, adherence to therapy and the age of patient should also be considered in assessing the degree of blood glucose control. These values are for nonpregnant individuals.

Criteria for Diagnosis of Diabetes Mellitus

(2016 American Diabetes Association (ADA) Diabetes Guidelines)

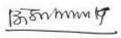
HbA1c (%)

DEGREE OF GLUCOSE CONTROL

Non-Diabetic  $\leq 5.6$ Pre-Diabetic 57 - 64Diabetic ≥ 6.5

## ADA criteria for correlation between HbA1c & Mean plasma glucose levels

HbA1c (%)	Mean Plasma Glucose (mg/dL)		
6	126		
7	154		
8	183		
9	212		
10	240		
11	269		
12	298		



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### **TEST REPORT**

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SIN No., Date

: **34043145** 16-Jun-21 09:48 AM

Patient Name: Mrs. RASHMI SAXENA

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Referred by : DR.AKRITI SAXENA :56 Y 6 M 14 D / F

Report Date

Report printed on

: 16-Jun-2021 01:55PM

Age/Gender

Source BY

## **CLINICAL-BIOCHEMISTRY**

**Test Name** Observation Unit Biological Ref. interval

## **D-DIMER**

D-DIMER (QUANTITATIVE) by Plasma

104

ng/mL

#### Guide Value :-

 $\leq 500 \text{ ng/mL}$  Negative > 500 ng/mL -Positive

#### Remark:-

- 1. D-Dimer is a fibrin degradation product. The D-Dimer level increases during the activation states of coagulation because such states induce the production of thrombin which is followed by the formation of fibrin & leads to fibrinolysis.
- 2. This assay can aid in the diagnosis of Deep Vein Thrombosis (DVT) & pulmonary embolism
- 3. Elevated D Dimer is seen in hypercoagulability, DVT (Deep Vein Thrombosis), DIC (Disseminated intravascular Coagulation), recent surgery, trauma or infection.
- 4.Up to four fold higher results may be observed in normal pregnancy.
- 5. Tests performed in immulite 2000

### **Limitations:**-

1. False Negative: Anticoagulant therapy.

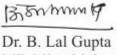
2. False Positive: (i) Elderly, (ii) Liver disease, (iii) Pregnancy, (iv) Eclampsia,

(v) Heart disease, (vi) Rheumatoid arthritis, (vii) Some cancers,

(viii) High triglycerides, (ix) Hemolysis, (x) Lipemia,

(xi) Hyperbilirubinemia.

Note: Test Result and reference range varies with different instrument and methodology. Check the reference value befor evaluating the test result.



MD Microbiology Medical Director

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### **TEST REPORT**

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# **HAEMATOLOGY**

	HAEMATOLOGY			
Test Name	Observation	Unit	Biological Ref. interval	
COMPLETE BLOOD COUNT( CBC/HAE	MOGRAM)			
Haemoglobin	13.0	g/dL	12.0-15.0	
Haematocrit (HCT)	39.6	%	37-46	
Red Blood Cell Count (RBC)	4.68	million/mm3	3.8-4.8	
Mean Corposcular Volume (MCV)	84.6	fL	83-101	
Mean Corposcular Haemoglobin (MCH)	27.8	pg	27-32	
Mean Corposcular Haemoglobin Conc.(MCHC)	32.8	g/dL	31.5-34.5	
Red Cell Distribution Width (RDWcv)	14.7	%	12.2-16.1	
Total Leucocyte Count (TLC)	10.49	1000/mm3	4.0-10.0	
<u>Differential Leucocyte Count</u>				
Segmented Neutrophils	74.3	%	42-72	
Lymphocytes	17.4	%	25-45	
Eosinophils	5.4	%	1-6	
Monocytes	2.3	%	2-10	
Basophils	0.6	%	0-2	
Absolute Leucocyte Count				
Neutrophils	7.79	1000/mm3	2.0-7.0	
Lymphocytes.	1.83	1000/mm3	1.0-3.0	
Eosinophils.	0.57	1000/mm3	0.05-0.50	
Monocytes.	0.24	1000/mm3	0.2-1.0	
Basophils.	0.06	1000/mm3	0.02-0.2	
Platelet count	2.41	Lakhs/cumm	1.5-4.0	
Mean Platelet Volume (MPV)	11.4	fL	7.8-11.0	

Method: Tests done by EDTA sample on automated cell counter, based on SLS, Flow Cytochemistry, DC Detection & Microscopy.

**Remark:** As per the recommendation of International Council for Standardization in Hematology, the differential leucocyte counts are additionally being reported as absolute numbers of each cell in per unit volume of blood.

\*\*\* End of report \*\*\*

Dr. B. Lal Gupta MD Microbiology Medical Director

Dr. Kirti Pandia DNB Pathology Dr. Ruhi Munjal DCP Pathology Dr. Shaily Garg DPB Pathology

